

Begin July 15, 1959

30.24-7725

A65

SECOND NIGHT LEAD KHRUSHCHEV (230)
BY STANLEY JOHNSON
KATOWICE, POLAND, JULY 15 (AP)—SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV DELIVERED AN ATTACK ON RELIGION TODAY BEFORE A CROWD OF ROMAN CATHOLIC POLES. HE DREW NO CHEERS FOR HIS CLAIM THAT COMMUNISM COULD GIVE MORE IN LIFE THAN RELIGION.

THE 66-YEAR OLD SOVIET LEADER, LOOKING WEARY AND WORN, ARRIVED IN THIS MINING TOWN IN ONE OF THE STRONGEST ROMAN CATHOLIC SECTIONS OF POLAND WITH POLISH COMMUNIST CHIEF WLADISLAW GOMULKA.

AT THE RAILROAD STATION HE SPOKE, ALTERNATELY LAUGHIN AND STUTTERING, ABOUT HIS EXPLOITS AS A MINER AND A GENERAL. THE SPEECH PROVOKED SOME SPECTATORS AND OFFICIALS TO LAUGHTER.

LATER, AT A NEARBY COALMINE, HE ADDRESSED A GROUP OF MINERS ON RELIGION.

"I DO NOT WANT TO WOUND YOUR RELIGIOUS SENTIMENTS," KHRUSHCHEV SAID, "BUT I WANT TO UNDERLINE THAT PRIESTS IN YOUR CHURCH PROMISE YOU PARADISE IN THE SKY AFTER YOU ARE DEAD. BUT WE COMMUNISTS WANT TO MAKE YOU HAPPY ON EARTH."

"ARE YOU SATISFIED WITH YOUR LOT IN LIFE?" HE ASKED AND STOPPED, APPARENTLY FOR A RESPONSE FROM HIS AUDIENCE.

THE CROWD STOOD IN COMPLETE SILENCE.

LATER KHRUSHCHEV ATTENDED A BANQUET IN HIS HONOR. AFTER A ROUTINE EXCHANGE OF TOASTS IN WHITE WINE, HE SAT QUIETLY--OBVIOUSLY RESTING FROM AN EXHAUSTING DAY.

THERE SEEMS NO TENDENCY HERE TO TAKE TOO SERIOUS A VIEW OF THE SIGNS OF STRAIN ON THE PART OF THE PUDGY SOVIET LEADER. IT IS BELIEVED THAT THE TREMENDOUS PACE KHRUSHCHEV SETS FOR HIMSELF WOULD TIRE A MAN MUCH YOUNGER THAN HE.

HIS FALTERING SPEECH AT THE RAILROAD STATION, SOME OF WHICH WAS UNINTELLIGIBLE TO MANY LISTENERS, SEEMED TO CAUSE NO CONCERN AMONG DIGNITARIES. *excited much among the dignitaries. Several were seen*
HIS BABBLING. *X X X THIRD GRAF PVS (A15)*

TO PUT THEIR HANDS OVER THEIR MOUTHS TO HIDE LAUGHS. THE CROWD OF ABOUT 3,000 WORKERS AND COMMUNIST PARTY FAITHFUL BURST INTO LAUGHTER.

LATER, SOME OF THE PERSONS ON THE PLATFORM SAID THEY WERE AMUSED BY THE KHRUSHCHEV WIT. THEY SAID THIS WAS WHAT CAUSED THE CROWD TO BURST INTO LAUGHTER, TOO, ALTHOUGH FEW OF THE POLES IN THE CROWD SPEAK RUSSIAN.

AT A GLITTERING BANQUET IN WARSAW LAST NIGHT KHRUSHCHEV LOOKED PALE. HE DRANK ONLY ORANGE JUICE THROUGH THE DINNER, AND WHITE HUNGARIAN WINE FOR THE CUSTOMARY TOASTS. HE HAD TROUBLE SEEING THE WRITTEN TEXT OF HIS SPEECH THROUGH A NEW PAIR OF GOLD-RIMMED BIFOCALS.

(SEVERAL MONTHS AGO KHRUSHCHEV'S DOCTORS WERE REPORTED TO HAVE SUGGESTED THAT HE CUT OUT STRONG DRINK AND GO ON A DIET. SEVERAL WEST GERMAN AND FRENCH NEWSPAPERS IN APRIL REPORTED HE HAD SUFFERED FAINTING SPELLS, AND MENTIONED FOUR DIFFERENT DAYS FOR THE ATTACKS. THE SOVIET PREMIER WAS REPORTED AFFLICTED WITH A BRAIN TUMOR, HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE OR CIRCULATORY AILMENTS.)

(FROL KOZLOV, SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER ON HIS RECENT AMERICAN TOUR, SAID KHRUSHCHEV WAS IN GOOD HEALTH AND WOULD LIVE A LONG TIME.) KHRUSHCHEV CAME TO POLAND YESTERDAY FOR WHAT HAS BEEN CALLED A "RECONCILIATION VISIT." THE LAST TIME HE WAS IN POLAND WAS IN 1956 WHEN HE TRIED TO SLOW DOWN POLAND'S RUSH INTO WHAT LOOKED LIKE INDEPENDENT COMMUNISM.

KHRUSHCHEV AND WLADYSLAW GOMULKA, WHO WAS BOOSTED TO LEADERSHIP OF THE POLISH COMMUNIST PARTY AT THAT TIME AFTER HAVING BEEN IMPRISONED BY

POLISH STALINISTS, HAVE SINCE REACHED AN UNDERSTANDING, AND THE PRESENT VISIT WAS DESIGNED TO UNDERLINE THEIR SOLIDARITY.

KATOWICE IN SOUTHERN POLAND IS SOMETIMES CALLED THE POLISH PITTSBURGH BECAUSE OF ITS BIG MINING AND INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISES. IT WAS KHRUSHCHEV'S FIRST STOP ON A TOUR OF THE COUNTRY.

AS GOMULKA PRECEDED KHRUSHCHEV OFF THE TRAIN A SILESIAN MINERS' BAND ASTONISHED NEWSMEN BY BURSTING INTO THE ROUSING STRAINS OF "STARS AND STRIPES FOREVER."

KHRUSHCHEV WORE A WHITE STRAW HAT PUSHED BACK ON HIS HEAD. HE WALKED ONTO A PLATFORM DECORATED WITH A HUGE PORTRAIT OF LENIN FOR A FORMAL WELCOME IN THE STATION PLAZA.

AFTER A LONG WELCOMING SPEECH BY EDWARD GIEREK, FIRST SECRETARY OF THE KATOWICE DISTRICT COMMUNIST PARTY, AND A RESPONSE BY ANTONI GAYEVOI, A SOVIET DISTRICT SECRETARY FROM DNEPROPETROVSK, KHRUSHCHEV AND GOMULKA JOINED THE CROWD IN SINGING THE "INTERNATIONALE."

POLICE THEN STARTED CLEARING OUT THE CROWD SO THE DIGNITARIES COULD REACH THEIR CARS.

BUT KHRUSHCHEV GRABBED THE MICROPHONE AND BEGAN A BABBLING SPEECH. KHRUSHCHEV OFTEN SPEAKS WITH AN UNGRAMMATICAL UKRAINIAN ACCENT. THIS TIME MOST OF HIS REMARKS WERE UNINTELLIGIBLE.

BUT HE PROCLAIMED THAT "I WAS A MINER TOO." RAISING HIS FISTS FOR EMPHASIS, HE DECLARED "I WORKED LIKE MANY OF YOU HERE. I WAS A WORKER WHEN I WAS YOUNG."

HE ALSO SAID HE HAD BEEN A GENERAL ON THE UKRAINIAN FRONT DURING WORLD WAR II AND HAD VISITED KATOWICE WHEN IT WAS LIBERATED FROM THE GERMANS.

AT ONE POINT KHRUSHCHEV APPEARED TO CONFUSE KATOWICE WITH A POLISH TOWN THE GERMANS CALLED HINDENBURG.

GIEREK INTERRUPTED AND EXPLAINED THAT THE TOWN CALLED HINDENBURG WAS ZABRZE, A TOWN 11 MILES NORTHWEST OF KATOWICE.

"I AM SUBJECTED TO CLARIFICATION BECAUSE I AM AN ANTIQUATED MAN," SAID KHRUSHCHEV.

IT WAS THIS REMARK, OFFICIALS AID, WHICH CAUSED THE AMUSEMENT IN THE CROWD.

KHRUSHCHEV WAS A POLITICAL LIEUTENANT GENERAL IN THE ^{war} ~~world~~ WHOSE JOB WAS TO OVERSEE THE POLITICAL LOYALTY OF MILITARY GENERALS. HE LIKES TO TELL OF HIS EXPERIENCES AS A FORMER PLUMBER, BLACKSMITH AND MINER.

AN EDITED VERSION OF HIS REMARKS WHICH LEFT OUT REPEATED WORDS, UNENDED SENTENCES AND THE STAMMERS, QUOTED HIM AS SAYING OF HIS WAR EXPERIENCES:

"I WAS THEN A MEMBER OF THE MILITARY COUNCIL OF THE FIRST UKRAINIAN FRONT UNDER MARSHAL (IVAN) KONEV. SOVIET TROOPS HAD ALREADY ENCIRCLED WROCLAW (BRESLAU)."

IT ALSO QUOTED HIM: "I MUST SAY WHEN I SMELLED COAL IN SILESIA AND WHEN I SMELLED FOUNDRIES I RECALLED MY CHILDHOOD OF ADOLESCENCE WHEN I WORKED IN A MINE. THIS SMELL IS MORE PRECIOUS THAN ANY OTHER ODOR."

WHEN KHRUSHCHEV FINISHED HE GOT INTO HIS CAR WITH GOMULKA AND SET OUT FOR AN AFTERNOON OF TOURING MINES AND FACTORIES IN SILESIA.

KHRUSHCHEV'S VISIT IS REGARDED AS AN ATTEMPT TO WIPE OUT MEMORIES

OF THE SOVIET PREMIER'S CALL IN OCTOBER 1956, WHEN HE VAINLY TRIED TO SLOW THE PACE OF DE-STALINIZATION AND PREVENT THE OUSTER OF SOVIET MARSHAL KONSTANTIN ROKOSSOVSKY AS POLAND'S DEFENSE MINISTER. RELATIONS BETWEEN GOMULKA AND KHRUSHCHEV HAVE STEADILY IMPROVED.

AS THE POLISH PARTY BOSS HIMSELF APPLIED THE BRAKES TO THE LIBERALIZATION MOVEMENT AND ACKNOWLEDGED THE LEADERSHIP OF THE SOVIET COMMUNIST PARTY.

SS822PED

A57WX

(360) NIGHT LEAD IKE-SUMMIT
BY JOHN SCALI

WASHINGTON, JULY 15 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER SERVED NOTICE TODAY THAT RUSSIA MUST GIVE "CLEAR RECOGNITION OF OUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES" IN WEST BERLIN BEFORE HE WILL AGREE TO A SUMMIT MEETING.

"WE ARE NOT GOING TO SURRENDER OUR RIGHTS OR TO MAKE A RETREAT THAT COULD BE CLEAR EVIDENCE OF WEAKNESS IN OUR RESOLUTION AND WEAKNESS IN THE WEST," HE SAID.

EISENHOWER, AT HIS NEWS CONFERENCE, STRONGLY BACKED SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER'S EFFORTS IN GENEVA TO PIN DOWN THE SOVIETS IN ADVANCE ON WHETHER THEY RECOGNIZE ALLIED RIGHTS IN DIVIDED BERLIN.

"THERE HAS TO BE SOME CLEAR UNDERSTANDING OF OUR RIGHTS AND OUR RESPONSIBILITIES BEFORE YOU CAN GO AHEAD AND NEGOTIATE," THE PRESIDENT SAID AT ANOTHER POINT IN ANSWERING QUESTIONS.

HERTER HAS BEEN PRESSING SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO IN GENEVA FOR DEFINITE SOVIET ASSURANCES THAT THE WEST WILL NOT AUTOMATICALLY SURRENDER ITS RIGHTS TO REMAIN IN WEST BERLIN IF IT AGREES TO NEGOTIATE SOME KIND OF NEW ARRANGEMENT.

EISENHOWER MADE IT CLEAR THAT HERTER HAS FULL AUTHORITY FROM HIM TO AGREE TO ANY KIND OF REASONABLE SETTLEMENT, INCLUDING A SUMMIT MEETING.

THE PRESIDENT SAID ANY SUCH AGREEMENT WOULD BE "SUBJECT, OF COURSE, TO FINAL APPROVAL AS TO DETAIL" BY HIM.

EISENHOWER APPEARED ASTOUNDED AT ONE NEWSMAN WHO ASKED WHETHER HE WOULD AGREE TO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE ON ISSUES OTHER THAN BERLIN IF IT PROVED IMPOSSIBLE TO AGREE WITH THE SOVIETS ON THIS TROUBLESOME ISSUE.

"DO YOU MEAN THAT YOU WOULD GO TO A SUMMIT CONFERENCE UNDER AN ULTIMATUM OF TIME OR UNDER A STATEMENT THAT WE ARE GOING TO BE THROWN OUT AT A PARTICULAR TIME, WHETHER IT'S ONE YEAR, TWO YEARS, OR THREE YEARS?" THE PRESIDENT ASKED.

EISENHOWER ANSWERED THE QUESTION HIMSELF IN THESE WORDS:
"THERE HAS GOT TO BE CLEAR RECOGNITION OF OUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES."

THE PRESIDENT ACKNOWLEDGED THAT THE FOREIGN MINISTERS' TALKS WHICH RESUMED MONDAY AFTER A THREE-WEEK RECESS HAD GOTTEN OFF TO A VERY SLOW START. BUT HE PROMISED TO KEEP PLUGGING AWAY IN HOPE OF FINDING A TENSION-EASING AGREEMENT.

EISENHOWER BRUSHED ASIDE A SUGGESTION BY FORMER AMBASSADOR W. AVERELL HARRIMAN, A FREQUENT DEMOCRATIC CRITIC OF HIS POLICIES, ABOUT GIVING SOME KIND OF DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION TO COMMUNIST EAST GERMANY.

"I DON'T KNOW HOW YOU CAN GIVE SOME FORM OF DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION AS OF NOW," HE SAID. "WE CERTAINLY HAD NO SUCH THOUGHT IN OUR HEADS."

RZ623PED

B18 (Q)

-17-

(220)

HAMBURG, GERMANY, JULY 15 (AP)-HUGH GAITSKELL, LEADER OF THE BRITISH LABOR PARTY, SAID TODAY THERE MUST BE A SUMMIT CONFERENCE TO DEAL WITH EAST-WEST PROBLEMS.

THE CREATION OF A ZONE IN CENTRAL EUROPE WHERE MILITARY FORCES WOULD BE THINNED OUT SHOULD BE ONE TOPIC AT SUCH A CONFERENCE, HE TOLD THE 6TH INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS OF SOCIALIST PARTIES.

HE SAID IT WAS REGRETTABLE THAT THE PLAN PROPOSED BY POLISH FOREIGN MINISTER ADAM RAPACKI FOR BANNING ATOMIC WEAPONS IN EAST AND

WEST GERMANY, POLAND AND CZECHOSLOVAKIA HAD NOT BEEN ACCEPTED BY THE WEST AS A BASIS FOR NEGOTIATION.

"WE DON'T SEE WHY THIS ZONE WAS NOT CREATED," GAITSKELL SAID. "IT WOULD NOT HAVE HURT ANYONE. IT WOULD HAVE BEEN A STEP FORWARD AT LEAST TOWARD SETTLEMENT OF INTERNATIONAL PROBLEMS."

GAITSKELL SAID THAT IF GERMANY IS TO BE REUNITED, IT MUST ACCEPT THE IDEA OF NONALIGNMENT, OR NEUTRALITY, AND THAT REUNIFICATION CAN COME ABOUT ONLY GRADUALLY. THE FIRST STEP, HE SAID, SHOULD BE FREE ALL-GERMAN ELECTIONS.

GAITSKELL SAID THE MOST VITAL TASK CONFRONTING THE WORLD THIS YEAR IS AN AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE THREE ATOMIC POWERS TO HALT NUCLEAR TESTS.

MAYOR WILLY BRANDT OF WEST BERLIN TOLD THE CONFERENCE IF THE WEST MADE A WRONG DECISION ON THE BERLIN ISSUE "IT WOULD MEAN AN IRREPARABLE BREACH OF CONFIDENCE." HE APPARENTLY REFERRED TO ANY CONCESSIONS THAT WOULD WEAKEN THE WEST'S POSITION IN WEST BERLIN.

BRANDT DECLARED THE SOVIET UNION MERELY CREATED THE BERLIN CRISIS TO DEMAND A PRICE LATER FOR LIFTING THE TENSION IT HAD CREATED.
RP453PED

A108WX

(400) EISENHOWER-BERLIN-RUSSIANS

WASHINGTON, JULY 15 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, IN TWO PERSONAL MESSAGES TODAY, RESTATED AN AMERICAN BELIEF IN THE RIGHTS OF PEOPLE EVERYWHERE--INCLUDING WEST BERLIN--TO ENJOY PEACE WITH JUSTICE.

BOTH MESSAGES, ONE TO AFL-CIO PRESIDENT GEORGE MEANY AND ONE TO FROL R. KOZLOV, THE SOVIET DEPUTY PREMIER WHO HAS JUST FINISHED AN AMERICAN VISIT, WERE RELEASED BY THE WHITE HOUSE.

THE LETTER TO MEANY WAS IN REPLY TO ONE IN WHICH THE LABOR LEADER HAD THIS TO SAY ABOUT THE RUSSIAN THREAT TO WEST BERLIN:

"IN THIS CRITICAL SITUATION CONFRONTING OUR COUNTRY AND ALL MANKIND, I ASSURE YOU, MR. PRESIDENT, THAT AMERICAN LABOR IS SOLIDLY WITH YOU IN SEEKING TO RALLY OUR OWN AND ALL OTHER LIBERTY-LOVING NATIONS FOR JOINT ALL-OUT EFFORTS TO PRESERVE THE FREEDOM OF THE PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN, TO PROMOTE THE REUNIFICATION OF GERMANY IN FREEDOM, AND JUST AND LASTING WORLD PEACE."

EISENHOWER WELCOMED THE ASSURANCE, SAYING:

"YOUR PRESENT LETTER SHOULD CONVINCE EVERYONE, INCLUDING THE SOVIETS, THAT IN THE UNITED STATES LABOR IS FREE--AND BECAUSE IT IS FREE, IT IS PART OF THE DECISION-MAKING PROCESS IN OUR COUNTRY."

"WHEN FREE CITIZENS FORM THEIR CONCLUSIONS AND CONVICTIONS ON MATTERS THAT AFFECT AMERICA'S INTERNATIONAL POSITION, THEY CANNOT BE DIVIDED ON THE BASIS OF VOCATION, CREED OR PARTISAN POLITICS."

EISENHOWER SAID HE HAD LONG KNOWN OF THE STAND TAKEN BY THE AFL-CIO "IN SUPPORT OF THE GOVERNMENT'S REFUSAL TO ABANDON EITHER THE FREE PEOPLE OF WEST BERLIN OR OUR RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES RESPECTING THAT CITY." STILL, HE TOLD MEANY, HE WOULD LIKE TO "SALUTE YOUR ENTIRE MEMBERSHIP FOR REAFFIRMING THIS SOLIDARITY BEFORE THE ENTIRE WORLD."

THE MESSAGE TO KOZLOV WAS IN RESPONSE TO A NOTE HE SENT TO EISENHOWER ON HIS RETURN TO MOSCOW. IN THE MESSAGE, THE SOVIET OFFICIAL SAID HE HAD LEFT THE UNITED STATES "WITH CONFIDENCE THAT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE WANT PEACE JUST AS OUR SOVIET PEOPLE."

IN HIS MESSAGE, THE PRESIDENT SAID:

"IT IS GRATIFYING TO KNOW THAT YOU HAVE BEEN IMPRESSED WITH THE DESIRE OF THE AMERICAN PEOPLE FOR PEACE, A DESIRE WHICH REPRESENTS THEIR STRONGEST MANDATE TO THEIR GOVERNMENT. THIS ARDENT DESIRE IS ALSO INSEPARABLY LINKED WITH OUR FIRM BELIEF IN THE RIGHTS OF PEOPLES EVERYWHERE TO ENJOY JUSTICE WITH FREEDOM."

EISENHOWER SAID FURTHER THAT HE SHARES KOZLOV'S HOPE THAT INCREASING CONTACTS BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND RUSSIA WILL LEAD TO A GREATLY IMPROVED MUTUAL UNDERSTANDING BETWEEN THE PEOPLE OF THE TWO NATIONS.

THE INCREASE IN CONTACTS, EISENHOWER SAID, IS SYMBOLIZED BY KOZLOV'S VISIT TO THIS COUNTRY AND VICE PRESIDENT NIXON'S FORTHCOMING TRIP TO MOSCOW TO OPEN A U.S. EXHIBIT THERE. NIXON WILL LEAVE FOR RUSSIA NEXT WEEK.

RZ1002PED

GENEVA, JULY 15 (AP)-THE WEST SAID "NO" TODAY TO THE SOVIET PLAN FOR A JOINT COMMISSION OF EAST AND WEST GERMANS AS PART OF A STOPGAP BERLIN AGREEMENT.

SOVIET FOREIGN MINISTER ANDREI A. GROMYKO RESPONDED THAT IT WAS NOT POSSIBLE TO REACH AN ACCORD ON ANY OTHER BASIS.

SO IT LOOKED LIKE A CLEAR IMPASSE IN ROUND II OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE AFTER ONLY TWO FORMAL SESSIONS.

BUT GROMYKO AND BRITISH FOREIGN SECRETARY SELWYN LLOYD WERE REPORTED BY WESTERN SOURCES TO HAVE MADE PROGRESS IN A SIDE EFFORT TO RESTORE SECRET NEGOTIATIONS. GROMYKO INVITED LLOYD TO A LUNCHEON TOMORROW TO DISCUSS FURTHER SECRET MEETINGS.

THE SOVIET PLAN FOR AN INTERIM AGREEMENT ON BERLIN PROVIDES FOR AN ALL-GERMAN COMMISSION TO WORK ON GERMAN REUNIFICATION AND A GERMAN PEACE TREATY. THE WESTERN POWERS, AND WEST GERMANY MOST OF ALL, DO NOT WANT ANY SUCH COMMISSION BECAUSE THEY BELIEVE IT WOULD LEAD TO DEFACTO RECOGNITION OF THE EAST GERMAN COMMUNIST REGIME. THIS REGIME THEY CONSIDER IS NOT REPRESENTATIVE OF THE EAST GERMAN PEOPLE.

FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER MAURICE COUVE DE MURVILLE WAS SELECTED TO LEAD THE WESTERN ATTACK IN THE SESSION OF ALMOST TWO HOURS IN THE PALACE OF NATIONS TODAY.

HE CONCENTRATED ON TRYING TO GET GROMYKO TO BREAK THE TIEUP BETWEEN THE PROPOSED COMMISSION AND A TRUCE IN BERLIN, WHICH THE RUSSIANS HAVE PROPOSED RUN FOR 18 MONTHS. IN EFFECT HE ASKED GROMYKO TO CUT THE PRICE FOR AN INTERIM SETTLEMENT.

BUT GROMYKO SAID THE TWO QUESTIONS OF AN INTERIM SETTLEMENT AND AN ALL-GERMAN COMMISSION INSEPARABLE.

ANDREW H. BERDING, ASSISTANT U.S. SECRETARY OF STATE, SUMMED UP THE SESSION BY SAYING "THERE WAS NO PROGRESS."

THE MINISTERS WERE SUMMONED TO ANOTHER SEMI-PUBLIC SESSION TOMORROW, HOWEVER, TO TAKE UP POINT BY POINT, THE RIVAL PROPOSALS ADVANCED BY BOTH SIDES.

A POSSIBLE WESTERN MOVE TO BREAK THE IMPASSE WAS SEEN IN A REPORTED PLAN TO SET UP A COMMISSION OF THE FOUR BIG POWERS, WITH THE EAST AND WEST GERMANS ON HAND AS ADVISERS OR AS A SUBCOMMITTEE.

BUT THE WESTERN POWERS THEMSELVES WERE DIVIDED ON THE POSSIBLE MOVE TO FORM A SUBCOMMITTEE. SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER AND LLOYD WERE SAID TO SUPPORT THE IDEA, BUT COUVE DE MURVILLE AND WEST GERMAN FOREIGN MINISTER HEINRICH VON BRENTANO WERE UNWILLING TO GO BEYOND THE IDEA OF NAMING GERMANS AS ADVISERS.

THERE ALSO WERE DIFFERENT IDEAS AS TO WHAT THE PROPOSED COMMISSIONS SHOULD DO.

"IT IS CLEAR," COUVE DE MURVILLE TOLD THE MINISTERS, "THAT WE ARE IN FULL CONFUSION."

GROMYKO SAID THE RUSSIANS BELIEVE AN ALL-GERMAN COMMISSION MIGHT BE ABLE TO WORK OUT A GERMAN PEACE TREATY.

"THE PROBLEM OF WEST BERLIN WOULD THEN BE SOLVED," HE SAID.

THE WESTERN POWERS WANT GERMANY REUNIFIED BEFORE A PEACE TREATY IS SIGNED. THEY INSIST REUNIFICATION MUST BE WORKED OUT BY THE VICTORIOUS WORLD WAR II POWERS, NOT THE GERMANS.

TODAY'S MEETING CONTAINED ONLY ONE SET SPEECH, BY COUVE DE MURVILLE, AND PROVIDED SOME EXTENSIVE GIVE AND TAKE.

THE FRENCH FOREIGN MINISTER POSED THESE TWO QUESTIONS TO THE RUSSIANS:

30.24-7727

1. WHY DO THE RUSSIANS "PILE DIFFICULTY ON DIFFICULTY" BY SUGGESTING A LINK BETWEEN A BERLIN SETTLEMENT AND AN ALL-GERMAN COMMISSION?

2. DOESN'T THE SOVIET UNION REALIZE IT IS RAISING SUBJECTS IRRELEVANT TO BRINGING ABOUT A BERLIN AGREEMENT AND THUS "DOOMING THE DISCUSSIONS TO FAILURE?"

REPLYING, GROMYKO SAID "THERE IS A LOGICAL AND VITAL LINK BETWEEN THE TWO PROBLEMS."

A SOVIET SOURCE GAVE THIS VIEW ON THE RESUMED BIG FOUR TALKS:

"NOTHING MUCH CAN BE EXPECTED TO COME OUT OF THIS FIRST WEEK OF THE CONFERENCE. IT IS ONLY NATURAL THAT THE CONFERENCE SHOULD NEED SOME TIME TO WARM UP AFTER THE THREE-WEEK RECESS. NEXT WEEK WILL PROBABLY BE MORE PRODUCTIVE."

PETER HOPE, SPOKESMAN FOR THE BRITISH FOREIGN OFFICE, DESCRIBED THE SESSION AS A PROBING EXERCISE. HE SAID THE CHIEF WESTERN OBJECTIVE IS TO "REACH AN INTERIM SOLUTION ON BERLIN WITHOUT INTRODUCING WHAT APPEARS TO BE IRRELEVANCIES."

THE WEST GERMANS WENT AHEAD PLUGGING THEIR IDEA OF ABANDONING THIS PHASE OF THE FOREIGN MINISTERS' CONFERENCE IF A QUICK BERLIN SETTLEMENT CANNOT BE FOUND AND INSTEAD HOLDING AN EARLY SUMMIT CONFERENCE ON COLD WAR SUBJECTS OTHER THAN BERLIN. UNDER THIS PROPOSAL, THE FOREIGN MINISTERS WOULD COME BACK TO GENEVA LATER FOR A THIRD ROUND.

ZR441PED

A38

WITH BIG FOUR A26 (100)

GENEVA, JULY 15 (AP)-THE WEST BERLIN CITY COUNCIL APPEALED TO THE WESTERN FOREIGN MINISTERS TODAY TO REFUSE TO MAKE FURTHER CONCESSIONS TO THE SOVIET UNION.

THE COUNCIL DECLARED THAT THE PROPOSALS MADE BY THE WEST AT THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS CONFERENCE JUNE 16 ARE "THE MAXIMUM WHICH THE WEST CAN OFFER."

IN A DOCUMENT RELAYED TO THE WESTERN POWERS BY THE WEST GERMAN DELEGATION TO THE BIG FOUR CONFERENCE, THE COUNCIL SAID IT FELT THE WEST HAS ITS BACK TO THE WALL AND "FURTHER CONCESSIONS WOULD GO BEYOND THE LIMIT."

THE WESTERN POWERS CALLED JUNE 16 FOR A STOPGAP BERLIN SETTLEMENT THAT WOULD PROVIDE A FREEZE ON TROOP STRENGTHS IN WEST BERLIN AND AN END TO PROPAGANDA AND SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES IN BOTH EAST AND WEST BERLIN.

RK510PED

A40AX (DT)

NIGHT LEAD (250)

BY HOWARD BENEDICT

CAPE CANAVERAL, FLA., JULY 15 (AP)-A POLARIS SUBMARINE ROCKET WENT AWRY HIGH OVER THE CAPE TODAY AND WAS DESTROYED BY THE RANGE SAFETY OFFICER.

FLAMING DEBRIS FROM THE EXPLODING MISSILE TUMBLED INTO THE ATLANTIC, NARROWLY MISSING THE CAPE.

THE POLARIS FLASHED FROM ITS PAD IN AN APPARENTLY SMOOTH LAUNCHING, BUT BEGAN TO WAVER ABOUT 40 SECONDS LATER. THE FIRST STAGE SUDDENLY SEPARATED FROM THE SECOND AND PLUMMETED INTO THE OCEAN. INFORMED SOURCES SAID THE SEPARATION WAS ABOUT 10 SECONDS PREMATURE.

THE SECOND STAGE MADE WILD GYRATIONS IN THE SKY AS ITS GUIDANCE SYSTEM TRIED VALIANTLY TO PUT IT ON THE CORRECT COURSE. ITS SOLID-FUEL ENGINE TRAILED A TWISTING PATTERN OF WHITE SMOKE IN THE AIR.

THE RANGE SAFETY OFFICER ALLOWED IT TO FLY AS LONG AS POSSIBLE, ABOUT 30 SECONDS, BEFORE PUSHING THE DESTRUCT BUTTON. THE LONGER A MISSILE CAN SAFELY STAY IN THE AIR, THE MORE TELEMETRY DATA IT CAN

RADIO BACK ON WHAT MAY HAVE CAUSED THE MALFUNCTION.
 NONE OF THE PIECES OF THE SHATTERED ROCKET FELL ON LAND.
 THIS WAS THE FOURTH TIME A TWO-STAGE POLARIS EXPLODED IN 11 TESTS.
 ONLY THREE OF THE SHOTS ARE CONSIDERED FULLY SUCCESSFUL. AN EARLIER
 SINGLE STAGE VERSION LOGGED SEVERAL SUCCESSES.
 THE NAVY PLANS TO HAVE THE POLARIS READY FOR SUBMARINE USE BY 1960.
 THE FIRST OF THE MISSILE-CARRYING ATOMIC SUBMARINES, THE GEORGE WASH-
 TON, IS EXPECTED TO START FIRING THE ROCKET THE FIRST OF NEXT YEAR.
 THE POLARIS WAS FIRED TODAY ONLY A FEW HUNDRED FEET FROM A SHIP'S
 MOTION SIMULATOR FROM WHICH THE MISSILE SOON WILL BE LAUNCHED UNDER
 CONDITIONS APPROXIMATING THOSE ON A SHIP AT SEAS.
 AFTER THE SIMULATED LAUNCH, A POLARIS WILL BE FIRED FROM THE USS
 OBSERVATION ISLAND, A SHIP CONVERTED FOR THIS PURPOSE. THE SUBMARINE
 TEST LAUNCHING PHASE WILL FOLLOW. *When operational, the missile*
LB420PES NM will have an initial range of 1,200 miles.

A102 (200)

NEW LONDON, CONN., JULY 15 (AP)-SIX SUBMARINES OF THE ATLANTIC
 FLEET SUBMARINE FORCE--INCLUDING THE NUCLEAR POWERED SKIPJACK--ARE CUR-
 RENTLY ENGAGED IN AN ANTISUBMARINE WARFARE EXERCISE OFF THE EAST COAST.
 AN ANNOUNCEMENT FROM THE NAVY'S SUBMARINE BASE HERE CALLS THE
 EXERCISE "CONVEX 3-59," WHICH IT SAYS INVOLVES ADVANCED CONCEPTS OF
 ESCORT AND PROTECTION OF CONVOYS.

THE 5-DAY EXERCISE GOT UNDER WAY MONDAY. THE SKIPJACK, THE WORLD'S
 FASTEST SUBMARINE, IS JOINED IN THE EXERCISE BY FIVE-DIESEL-POWERED
 SUBS--TROUT, CONGER, TRIGGER, BARBEL AND CUTLASS.

VICE ADM. WILLIAM G. COOPER, COMMANDER OF ONE OF THREE SPECIAL
 ATLANTIC FLEET ANTISUBMARINE TASK GROUPS, HAS OVER-ALL SUPERVISION
 OVER THE EXERCISES.

HE SAID THE EXERCISE "IS DESIGNED TO PROVIDE REALISTIC ADVANCED
 TRAINING FOR OUR AIR AND SURFACE ANTISUBMARINE FORCES IN THE CONVOY
 ESCORT ROLE."

"PROTECTION OF CONVOYS, BOTH MERCHANT AND NAVAL, AGAINST
 SUBMARINE ATTACK WILL BE ONE OF THE NAVY'S MOST IMPORTANT MISSIONS IN
 ANY FUTURE CONFLICT," COOPER SAYS.

ALSO TAKING PART ARE THE CARRIER USS TARAWA, WITH A HELICOPTER
 ANTISUBMARINE SQUADRON, SIX AUXILIARY SHIPS, FOUR DESTROYERS, TWO
 DETACHMENTS OF LAND-BASED PATROL AIRCRAFT, AND FOUR SHIPS OF ESCORT
 SQUADRON 10.

KS1002AED

A133KX
 (150)

LOS ANGELES, JULY 15 (AP)-A PLEA FOR RESUMPTION OF ATOMIC TESTS
 WAS VOICED TODAY BY DR. WILLARD F. LIBBY, RECENTLY RESIGNED MEMBER
 OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION.

"OUR WHOLE ARMAMENT IS BASED ON ATOMIC WEAPONS--WE MUST GO FORWARD
 WITH RESEARCH," DR. LIBBY SAID IN A NEWS CONFERENCE AT THE UNIVERSITY
 OF CALIFORNIA AT LOS ANGELES, WHERE HE HAS JUST JOINED THE FACULTY
 AS PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY.

"RADIATION FALLOUT CAN BE ELIMINATED BY SETTING OFF THE BOMBS
 UNDERGROUND, AS WE HAVE DONE IN NEVADA, AND MOST OF THE THINGS
 WE WANT TO KNOW CAN BE LEARNED THIS WAY," DR. LIBBY SAID.

"AERIAL EXPLOSIONS ARE ANOTHER MATTER AND NO ONE REALLY KNOWS
 ENOUGH ABOUT IT. BUT WE DO KNOW THAT IN CASE OF A WAR THIS TYPE OF
 RADIATION IS A TERRIBLE HAZARD.

"SURPRISINGLY ENOUGH, HOWEVER, IT IS QUITE SIMPLE TO PREPARE
 AGAINST IT WITH INEXPENSIVE MODIFICATIONS TO HOUSES AND BUILDINGS."

DR. LIBBY URGED THAT GOVERNMENT AGENCIES CONSIDER REGULATIONS
 TO ENCOURAGE TRACT BUILDERS TO INSTALL SHELTERS IN EVERY BLOCK.

"IT WOULD COST ONLY ABOUT \$5,000," HE SAID, "FOR A SHELTER THAT
 WOULD TAKE CARE OF 120 PEOPLE."

DV924PCS

A106WX (ATOMIC, 85 NEWSMEN, IKE MSG)

(290) ATOMIC PACTS

WASHINGTON, JULY 15 (AP)-THE SENATE-HOUSE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMITTEE
 EXPLAINED TODAY WHY IT CONCLUDED THAT THE PROPOSED ATOMIC AGREEMENTS
 WITH SEVEN NATO ALLIES ARE IN THE BEST INTEREST OF THE UNITED
 STATES.

THE GROUP ISSUED A FORMAL REPORT SETTING FORTH ITS REASONS FOR
 REJECTING RESOLUTIONS INTRODUCED BY SEVEN HOUSE MEMBERS TO DISAPPROVE
 THE AGREEMENTS.

CONGRESS DOES NOT HAVE TO VOTE ON THE PACTS, BUT THEY MUST LIE
 BEFORE THE LEGISLATORS 60 DAYS BEFORE GOING INTO EFFECT. THEY COULD
 BE KILLED DURING THAT PERIOD BY A RESOLUTION OF DISAPPROVAL PASSED
 BY BOTH THE HOUSE AND SENATE.

THE AGREEMENTS ARE WITH GREAT BRITAIN, FRANCE, WEST GERMANY,
 IRKEY, THE NETHERLANDS, CANADA AND GREECE. IN GENERAL, THEY PROVIDE
 OR THE UNITED STATES TO FURNISH THOSE NATIONS NUCLEAR INFORMATION
 AND IN THE CASE OF SOME TO GIVE THEM NUCLEAR MATERIALS FOR WEAPONS
 AND NONNUCLEAR PARTS OF WEAPONS AND WEAPONS SYSTEMS.

THE COMMITTEE IN ITS REPORT SAID THE UNITED STATES AND GREAT
 BRITAIN ALREADY HAVE BENEFITED EXTENSIVELY FROM EXCHANGE OF INFORMA-
 TION UNDER AN AGREEMENT REACHED LAST YEAR.

THE NEW ONE AMENDS THAT AND "WILL FURTHER ASSIST THE TWO ALLIES
 TO COMBINE THEIR RESOURCES AND ELIMINATE DUPLICATION OF EFFORTS FOR
 THE BETTER DEFENSE OF BOTH," THE REPORT SAID.

AS FOR THE FRENCH AGREEMENT, THE REPORT SAID THE TRANSFER OF FUEL
 FOR A LAND-BASED PROTOTYPE NUCLEAR SUBMARINE REACTOR "WILL TAKE PLACE
 ONLY WHEN FRANCE IS PARTICIPATING WITH THE UNITED STATES IN AN INTER-
 NATIONAL ARRANGEMENT FOR OUR MUTUAL DEFENSE AND SECURITY, AND WHILE
 FRANCE IS MAKING SUBSTANTIAL AND MATERIAL CONTRIBUTIONS THERETO."

THE OTHER PACTS, THE COMMITTEE SAID, "WILL FURTHER THE PRINCIPLE
 AGREED TO BY THE HEADS OF GOVERNMENT OF THE NATO NATIONS IN DECEMBER
 1959 ON THE DESIRABILITY OF ACHIEVING THE MOST EFFECTIVE PATTERN OF
 NATO MILITARY DEFENSIVE STRENGTH, TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THE MOST RECENT
 DEVELOPMENTS IN WEAPONS AND TECHNIQUES."

MEANWHILE, AMERICANS FOR DEMOCRATIC ACTION SENT LETTERS TO
 CONGRESSIONAL LEADERS ASKING FOR THOROUGH FLOOR DEBATE ON THE AGREE-
 MENTS.

RZ947PED

A29WX

OAMS BUDGET (750)

NIGHT LEAD EISENHOWER ROUNDUP

BY STERLING F. GREEN

WASHINGTON, JULY 15 (AP)-PRESIDENT EISENHOWER WILL NOT FORCE
 A REOPENING OF THE NATION'S STEEL MILLS UNDER THE TAFT-HARTLEY ACT,
 HE SAID TODAY, UNLESS THE STRIKE IMPERILS THE NATIONAL HEALTH OR
 SAFETY.

"THOSE CONDITIONS ARE CLEARLY NOT HERE AT THE MOMENT," THE
 PRESIDENT TOLD HIS NEWS CONFERENCE.

HIS WORDS SUGGESTED THE SHUTDOWN OF 90 PER CENT OF THE COUNTRY'S
 STEEL CAPACITY MIGHT CONTINUE FOR A NUMBER OF WEEKS BEFORE THE
 GOVERNMENT WOULD CONSIDER USING THE 80-DAY BACK-TO-WORK INJUNCTION
 PROVISIONS OF THE LABOR RELATIONS LAW.

INDUSTRY SOURCES HAVE INDICATED IT MAY BE SIX WEEKS OR MORE BEFORE
 MOST MAJOR STEEL-USING INDUSTRIES FEEL THE PINCH OF THE WALKOUT OF
 500,000 STEELWORKERS. SOME HAVE FORECAST A STRIKE OF TWO TO THREE
 MONTHS.

QUESTIONED ON HOW LONG IT WOULD BE BEFORE THE STRIKE COULD BE
 EXPECTED TO OBSTRUCT ARMS PRODUCTION, EISENHOWER SAID HE COULDN'T
 JUDGE NOW.

WHEN THE INVENTORIES AMASSED BY INDUSTRY IN ANTICIPATION OF A
 STRIKE ARE USED UP, HE SAID, THE COUNTRY WILL "GET INTO A VERY
 SERIOUS SITUATION."

30.24-7729

BUT HE SAID HE BELIEVES HE HAS DONE, AND IS DOING, WHAT SHOULD BE DONE--URGING BOTH SIDES TO NEGOTIATE IN A SPIRIT OF STATESMANSHIP, OR TO SEEK THE HELP OF THE FEDERAL MEDIATION AND CONCILIATION SERVICE. "WE HAVE GOT THOROUGHLY TO TEST OUT AND TO USE THE METHOD OF FREE BARGAINING," EISENHOWER SAID.

"THE SECOND THAT WE TRY TO BRING . . . COLLECTIVE BARGAINING ABOUT BY PRESSURE OF GOVERNMENT THAT IS TOO GREAT UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES, THEN I BELIEVE IT'S NOT FREE."

THE PRESIDENT NOTED THAT THE NATIONAL EMERGENCY PROVISIONS OF THE TAFT-HARTLEY ACT PERMIT HIM TO DIRECT THE ATTORNEY GENERAL TO OBTAIN A FEDERAL COURT ORDER WHICH WOULD REQUIRE THE UNITED STEELWORKERS UNION AND STEEL MANAGEMENT TO RESUME PRODUCTION AND SUBMIT TO FEDERAL FACT-FINDING AND OTHER PROCESSES FOR A TOTAL OF 80 DAYS.

THIS MACHINERY, UNUSED IN THE LAST FEW YEARS, HAS SERVED TO POSTPONE STRIKES MUCH MORE OFTEN THAN IT HAS PREVENTED THEM. THE ADMINISTRATION HAS ADOPTED A HANDS-OFF ATTITUDE ON LABOR DISPUTES, AND EISENHOWER MADE IT CLEAR HE INTENDS TO MAINTAIN THAT STAND--EXCEPT FOR PERSUASION AND MEDIATION--UNTIL HE REGARDS THE SITUATION AS A CLEAR THREAT TO THE NATIONAL SECURITY.

THE PRESIDENT QUICKLY DISMISSED ANOTHER PROPOSAL--THAT HE SET UP A FACT-FINDING PANEL. "I BELIEVE THE FACTS ARE PRETTY WELL KNOWN," HE OBSERVED.

MORE THAN 30 QUESTIONS WERE POPPED AND ANSWERED IN THE CRACKLING HALF-HOUR EXCHANGE WITH NEWSMEN, AND THEY COVERED A SCORE OF TOPICS. EISENHOWER BRIEFLY DISPOSED OF THESE MATTERS:

1. HE BRANDED AS INFLATIONARY A BILL APPROVED BY A SENATE LABOR SUBCOMMITTEE TO INCREASE THE MINIMUM WAGE FROM \$1 TO \$1.25 IN TWO STEPS. HE SAID HE AGREED ABSOLUTELY WITH SECRETARY OF LABOR JAMES P. MITCHELL THAT IT WOULD HAVE PRICE-BOOSTING EFFECT.

2. HE DISCLOSED THAT SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER IS FULLY AUTHORIZED TO NEGOTIATE AT THE GENEVA FOREIGN MINISTERS' MEETING FOR U.S. PARTICIPATION IN A SUMMIT CONFERENCE, SUBJECT ONLY TO FINAL APPROVAL HERE ON DETAILS.

BUT THIS IS CONDITIONED ON THE RUSSIANS' RESPECTING WESTERN RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES IN BERLIN, EISENHOWER SAID. HE ADDED HE SEES "NO BRIGHT OR HOPEFUL RIFT IN THE CLOUDS" TO SUGGEST RUSSIA WILL ENTER INTO AN ACCEPTABLE PACT "BUT WE ARE STILL PLUGGING AWAY."

3. THE PRESIDENT DISASSOCIATED THIS GOVERNMENT FROM THE CHARGE MADE BY CUBA'S FORMER AIR FORCE CHIEF, MAJ. PEDRO LUIS DIAZ LANZ, THAT PRIME MINISTER FIDEL CASTRO IS A TOOL OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNISM.

EISENHOWER SAID SUCH THINGS RE CHARGED BUT "ARE NOT ALWAYS EASY TO PROVE, AND THE UNITED STATES HAS MADE NO SUCH CHARGES."

EISENHOWER'S REACTIONS RANGED FROM LAUGHTER TO ANGER AS THE FLOW OF QUESTIONS WENT ON.

AMUSEMENT SPREAD SLOWLY OVER HIS FACE WHEN HE WAS ASKED HOW HE WOULD VIEW A MERGED NATIONAL TRANSPORT UNION HEADED BY PRESIDENT JAMES R. HOFFA OF THE TEAMSTERS AND PRESIDENT HARRY BRIDGES OF THE INTERNATIONAL LONGSHOREMEN AND WAREHOUSEMEN'S UNION. THEN HE BURST OUT LAUGHING AND REPLIED:

"THAT'S ONE I'D BETTER NOT COMMENT ON HERE. THANK YOU VERY MUCH."

ANGER WAS THE REACTION TO A QUESTION ON GOVERNMENT SECRECY POSED BY CLARK R. MOLLENHOFF OF THE DES MOINES REGISTER AND TRIBUNE.

MOLLENHOFF NOTED THAT COMMITTEES OF CONGRESS HAVE ACCUSED THE ADMINISTRATION OF USING SECRECY "TO HIDE IMPRUDENCE, MISMANAGEMENT, FRAUD AND IN SOME CASES MATERIAL THAT HAS LATER RESULTED IN INDICTMENTS." THEN HE WOUND UP:

"I WONDER IF YOU HAVE TAKEN ANY STEPS TO CORRECT THIS, OR HOW YOU RECONCILE THIS WITHHOLDING WITH THE BUDGETING AND ACCOUNTING ACT

WHICH SAYS IT MUST BE PUT FORTH TO THE COMPTROLLER GENERAL, AND YOUR OWN CONSTITUTIONAL REQUIREMENT THAT YOU FAITHFULLY EXECUTE THE LAWS."

VISIBLY HOLDING IN HIS TEMPER, EISENHOWER SAID SLOWLY AND EVENLY: "I THINK YOU HAD BETTER PUT THAT QUESTION IN WRITTEN FORM AND LET ME TAKE A LOOK AT IT, BECAUSE YOU START, RIGHT OFF THE BAT, WITH THE PREMISE OR IMPLICATION THAT SOMEONE IS GUILTY OF FRAUD."

"AND I DON'T BELIEVE IT." MOLLENHOFF STARTED AGAIN: "MR. PRESIDENT--" BUT EISENHOWER CUT HIM OFF WITH: "I WILL SEE YOUR LETTER, IF YOU WOULD LIKE TO SUBMIT IT."

EISENHOWER ALL BUT QUASHED ANY POSSIBILITY THAT CHARLES E. BOHLEN, FORMER AMBASSADOR TO RUSSIA AND NOW TO THE PHILIPPINES, WOULD BE NAMED A TOP STATE DEPARTMENT ADVISOR ON SOVIET AFFAIRS.

EISENHOWER SAID SECRETARY HERTER HAD TWICE MENTIONED IT BUT "HIS REPORT TO ME WAS COMPLETELY NEGATIVE."

ANY SUCH ASSIGNMENT OF BOHLEN TO A HIGH POLICY POST HAS BEEN OPPOSED BY SENATE REPUBLICAN LEADER EVERETT M. DIRKSEN OF ILLINOIS AND SEN. STYLES BRIDGES OF NEW HAMPSHIRE. THEY HAVE ARGUED THAT BOHLEN'S DEFENSE OF THE YALTA AGREEMENTS IN WORLD WAR II SHOULD BAR HIM FROM THE ASSIGNMENT.

EISENHOWER DEALT ALSO WITH THESE MATTERS:

VETOES-- THE PRESIDENT DENIED FOR THE SECOND SUCCESSIVE WEEK THAT HE IS TRYING TO IMPOSE "GOVERNMENT BY VETO." HE SAID HE HAS USED THE VETO SPARINGLY COMPARED TO SOME OTHER PRESIDENTS, AND NEVER ON A PARTISAN BASIS.

"SO I'M STILL HOPEFUL," EISENHOWER WENT ON, "THAT THERE WILL BE ENOUGH COMMON SENSE BROUGHT, MEETING TOGETHER BETWEEN THE EXECUTIVE AND THE LEGISLATURE, THAT WE WILL GET THE NECESSARY BILLS PASSED."

POLITICS AND INTEREST-- EISENHOWER DESCRIBED AS "RIDICULOUS" THE CHARGE OF DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL CHAIRMAN PAUL BUTLER THAT THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY TRADITIONALLY STANDS FOR "HIGH WAGES FOR WORKING MEN," WHILE THE REPUBLICANS FAVOR "HIGH WAGES FOR MONEY"--IN EFFECT, FOR THE MONEY LENDERS.

WHAT THE ADMINISTRATION IS REALLY TRYING TO DO, EISENHOWER SAID, IS TO BLOCK INFLATION, PREVENT THE CHEAPENING OF THE CURRENCY, AND CURB EXCESSIVE COSTS OF PRODUCTION.

EAST GERMANY-- CONCERNING THE SUGGESTION OF FORMER AMBASSADOR W. AVERELL HARRIMAN THAT IT MIGHT BE WISE TO GIVE SOME KIND OF DIPLOMATIC RECOGNITION TO EAST GERMANY, EISENHOWER SAID THE ADMINISTRATION "CERTAINLY HAD NO SUCH THOUGHT IN OUR HEADS."

DEMOCRATS-- EISENHOWER SAID HE DOES NOT BELIEVE THE QUARRELS OF THIS SESSION HAVE DAMAGED HIS PERSONAL RELATIONSHIP WITH THE DEMOCRATIC LEADERS OF CONGRESS, HOUSE SPEAKER SAM RAYBURN OF TEXAS AND SENATE MAJORITY LEADER LYNDON B. JOHNSON OF TEXAS.

TVA-- THE PRESIDENT SAID THE TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY BILL NOW AWAITING HIS SIGNATURE HAS WHAT HE CONSIDERS SERIOUS DEFECTS EVEN THOUGH IT WOULD PERMIT THE TVA TO ISSUE ITS OWN BONDS TO FINANCE POWER EXPANSION, SOMETHING EISENHOWER HAS ASKED FOR YEARS. HE REFUSED TO PREDICT WHETHER HE WOULD SIGN IT.

HIGHWAYS-- ASKED WHETHER HE WOULD ACCEPT A COMPROMISE ON HIS REQUEST FOR AN INCREASE IN THE FEDERAL GASOLINE TAX FROM 3 CENTS TO 4 1/2 CENTS, EISENHOWER SAID ANY COMPROMISE WOULD ONLY HAVE THE EFFECT OF SLOWING UP THE ROAD CONSTRUCTION PROGRAM.

BU912PED

B70 (Q)
(280)

BY MORRIS W. ROSENBERG

MOSCOW, JULY 15 (AP)-SEVEN AMERICAN GOVERNORS VISITED THE SITE OF THE U.S. EXHIBIT TODAY WHILE ABOUT 400 WORKMEN RACED TO FINISH CONSTRUCTION WORK BEFORE OPENING DAY JULY 24.

GOV. STEPHEN L. R. MCNICHOLS OF COLORADO SAID "IF THIS THING EVER GETS DONE ON TIME, I'LL EAT IT."
GOVS. LEROY COLLINS OF FLORIDA AND GEORGE D. CLYDE OF UTAH AGREED THAT IT SEEMED IMPOSSIBLE TO FINISH BEFORE THE DEADLINE. CLYDE, AN ENGINEER, SAID IT LOOKED LIKE A MONTH'S WORK REMAINED TO BE DONE. EXHIBITION DIRECTORS WHO LED THE GOVERNORS ON A TOUR OF THE SITE SAID THEY WERE CONFIDENT THE EXHIBIT WOULD BE READY WHEN PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON COMES TO OPEN IT.

THEY SAID SOME PHASES OF THE WORK ARE NOW ON A 24-HOUR SCHEDULE. GOVS. JOHN E. DAVIS OF NORTH DAKOTA AND ROBERT B. MEYNER OF NEW JERSEY FELT MOST OF THE EXHIBIT WOULD BE READY IN TIME. THE VISITORS MET SOME OF THE YOUNG AMERICANS WHO WILL ACT AS GUIDES. MANY OF THE RUSSIAN-SPEAKING YOUNGSTERS HAVE BEEN PRESSED INTO SERVICE ON THE CONSTRUCTION WORK.

MCNICHOLS MET MRS. BETH COLVIN SHEPARD OF MEEKER, COLO., WHO TOLD HIM THE RUSSIANS SHE HAD MET WERE FASCINATED BY HER ACCOUNTS OF COLORADO RANCHING.

GEORGE PFEIFFER, A STUDENT AT THE RUSSIAN INSTITUTE AT COLUMBIA UNIVERSITY, FROM PASSAIC, N.J., INTERRUPTED HIS WORK ON THE FORD MOTOR EXHIBIT TO CHAT WITH MEYNER.

THE GOVERNORS WERE EAGER TO SHOW THEIR RUSSIAN GUIDES SAMPLES OF AMERICAN LIFE BUT WERE DISAPPOINTED TO FIND SO MUCH STILL IN PACKING CASES.

THEY TOOK THE GUIDES, WHO HAVE BEEN WITH THEM ON MOST OF THEIR 24-DAY TOUR OF THE SOVIET UNION, TO AN EXHIBIT OF THE AVERAGE AMERICAN HOME AND DEMONSTRATED SOME OF THE AUTOMATIC DEVICES AND APPLIANCES.

MCNICHOLS, COLLINS AND DAVIS ALSO DEMONSTRATED PASSING PLAYS WITH A STRAY FOOTBALL. THE GUIDES LOOKED CONFUSED.

THE OTHER GOVERNORS ON THE TOUR WERE LUTHER H. HODGES OF NORTH CAROLINA AND ROBERT E. SMYLLIE OF IDAHO.

JP/RA1101PED

B63 Q

(160)

MOSCOW, JULY 15 (AP)-SEVEN U.S. GOVERNORS RETURNED TO MOSCOW TODAY, WINDING UP A 10,000-MILE TOUR OF THE SOVIET UNION.

THEY INDICATED THEY WILL URGE AN INCREASED EXCHANGE OF VISITS BETWEEN U.S. AND SOVIET REGIONAL OFFICIALS IN A REPORT TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER.

THEY SAID, HOWEVER, THEY WILL ANNOUNCE NO CONCLUSIONS UNTIL THEY HAVE MET WITH THE PRESIDENT. THEY CABLED EISENHOWER REQUESTING AN APPOINTMENT JULY 31, JUST BEFORE THE NATIONAL GOVERNORS CONFERENCE OPENS IN PUERTO RICO AUG. 1.

THE GOVERNORS MADE THE FLIGHT HERE FROM ALMA ATA, NEAR RED CHINA'S BORDER, IN SIX HOURS. THEY TRAVELED ABOARD AN ILLIUS PROP-JET FOUR-ENGINE PLANE.

THEY WILL VISIT THE U.S. EXHIBITION AND CONFER WITH VARIOUS SOVIET OFFICIALS BEFORE LEAVING FRIDAY FOR HOME. THEY WILL BE GUESTS TOMORROW AT A RECEPTION TO BE GIVEN BY GEORGI ZHUKOV, CHAIRMAN OF THE STATE COMMITTEE ON CULTURAL RELATIONS.

THE GOVERNORS ARE LEROY COLLINS OF FLORIDA, GEORGE D. CLYDE OF UTAH, JOHN E. DAVIS OF NORTH DAKOTA, LUTHER H. HODGES OF NORTH CAROLINA, ROBERT B. MEYNER OF NEW JERSEY, STEPHEN L.R. MC NICHOLS OF COLORADO AND ROBERT E. SMYLLIE OF IDAHO.

RK1014AED

A107WX

WASHINGTON, JULY 15 (AP)-THE SOVIET GOVERNMENT HAS AGREED TO ISSUE 85 VISAS FOR U.S. NEWSMEN WHO WILL REPORT ON VICE PRESIDENT RICHARD M. NIXON'S TOUR OF RUSSIA.

FIFTY-SIX ARE TENTATIVELY SCHEDULED TO LEAVE WEDNESDAY IN A CHARTERED INTERCONTINENTAL VERSION OF THE BOEING 707 JETLINER. THE PLANE WILL FLY NONSTOP TO MOSCOW.

SOME 20 OTHER NEWSMEN, MOST OF THEM ALREADY IN EUROPE, WILL TRAVEL TO MOSCOW BY COMMERCIAL TRANSPORTATION.

YET AUTHORITIES HAVE AS YET GIVEN NO ASSURANCES THAT NEWSMEN ALLOWED TO REPORT NIXON'S ACTIVITIES WITHOUT THE USUAL CENSOR-

1949PED

A80 (250)

LONDON, JULY 15 (AP)-EX-KAISER WILHELM, WHO LED THE GERMANS IN WORLD WAR I, WAS OFFERED ASYLUM IN BRITAIN TWO DAYS AFTER WINSTON CHURCHILL BECAME PRIME MINISTER IN MAY 1940.

DETAILS OF THIS WARTIME SECRET WILL BE TOLD IN A LONDON RADIO PROGRAM ABOUT THE KAISER TONIGHT.

LISTENERS WILL HEAR HOW THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT INVITED THE KAISER AND HIS SECOND WIFE, PRINCESS HERMINE, TO FLY TO ENGLAND ABOARD A ROYAL AIR FORCE PLANE AND MAKE THEIR HOME HERE.

TELLING THE STORY WILL BE BARON VAN NAGELL, WHO WAS BURGOMASTER AT DOORN, HOLLAND, WHERE THE EX-KAISER WAS LIVING IN EXILE. THE BARON PERSONALLY CONVEYED THE INVITATION FROM THE BRITISH LEGATION AND RECEIVED THE KAISER'S REPLY.

AFTER TALKING OVER THE OFFER WITH HIS WIFE, THE KAISER DECLINED "WITH GRATEFUL THANKS," SAYING HIS DOCTORS HAD FORBIDDEN HIM TO FLY BECAUSE OF HEART TROUBLE. HE DIED A YEAR LATER.

THE INVITATION WAS EXTENDED MAY 12, 1940. ON MAY 10 HITLER HAD INVADDED HOLLAND, THE CHAMBERLAIN GOVERNMENT HAD RESIGNED, AND CHURCHILL HAD BECOME BRITAIN'S LEADER.

SAID A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN TODAY: "SIR NEVILLE BLAND, THE BRITISH MINISTER, WAS ASKED TO CONVEY TO THE EX-KAISER THE HINT THAT IF HE WISHED TO SEEK ASYLUM, THEN HE WOULD BE RECEIVED WITH CONSIDERATION AND DIGNITY. IT WAS NOT A PRESSING INVITATION, JUST A HINT."

CHRISTOPHER SYKES, PRODUCER OF THE RADIO PROGRAM, SAID HE FIRST LEARNED OF THE OFFER WHEN HE READ IN SOME CAPTURED DOCUMENTS A REPORT ON DAY-TO-DAY EVENTS BY THE EX-KAISER'S DOCTOR.

HW827AED

A45

LONDON, JULY 15 (AP)-PRIME MINISTER NOBUSUKE KISHI OF JAPAN SAID TODAY TRADE WITH RED CHINA IS IMPORTANT BUT CANNOT BE ALLOWED TO INTERFERE WITH JAPAN'S SECURITY.

"COOPERATION WITH COUNTRIES WHICH HAVE A POLITICAL CREED DIFFERENT FROM OURS IS ONE OF THE MEASURES WE SHOULD PRACTICE IF WE ARE TO RELAX EXISTING INTERNATIONAL TENSION AND MAINTAIN PEACE," KISHI TOLD FOREIGN CORRESPONDENTS IN AN ADDRESS.

HE ADDED, HOWEVER, THAT "JAPAN BELONG TO THE FREE WORLD" AND CANNOT ADOPT A POLICY OF NEUTRALISM IF THAT MEANS SHE COULD NOT "PROTECT HER OWN SAFETY BY ASSOCIATION WITH OTHER FREE NATIONS OF THE WORLD."

RK535PED

End July 15, 1959